

## SDI Limited

Version No: 6.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Regulations (EC) No 2015/830) Issue Date: **18/03/2016** Print Date: **30/03/2016** Initial Date: **Not Available** L.REACH.GBR.EN

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1.Product Identifier

Product name	Riva Luting Plus (powder)
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Powder for the making of dental restorative cement by dental professionals.
Uses advised against	Not Applicable

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	SDI Limited	SDI Brazil Industria E Comercio Ltda	SDI Germany GmbH			
Address	3-15 Brunsdon Street VIC Bayswater 3153 Australia	Rua Dr. Virgilio de Carvalho Pinto, 612 São Paulo CEP 05415-020 Brazil	Hansestrasse 85 Cologne D-51149 Germany			
Telephone	+61 3 8727 7111 (Business Hours)	+55 11 3092 7100	+49 0 2203 9255 0			
Fax	+61 3 8727 7222	+49 0 2203 9255 200				
Website	www.sdi.com.au	www.sdi.com.au	www.sdi.com.au			
Email	info@sdi.com.au	brasil@sdi.com.au	germany@sdi.com.au			
Registered company name	SDI (North America) Inc.					
Address	1279 Hamilton Parkway IL Itasca 60143 United States					
Telephone	+1 630 361 9200 (Business hours)					
Fax	Not Available					
Website	Not Available					
Email	USA.Canada@sdi.com.au					

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	SDI Limited	Not Available	Not Available	
Emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 8727 7111	Not Available	Not Available	
Other emergency telephone numbers	ray.cahill@sdi.com.au	Not Available	Not Available	
Association / Organisation	Not Available			
Emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 8727 7111			
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available			

## **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1.Classification of the substance or mixture

# Not considered a dangerous mixture according to directive 1999/45/EC, Reg. (EC) No 1272/2008 (if applicable) and their amendments. Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport purposes.

DSD classification	In case of mixtures, classification has been prepared by following DPD (Directive 1999/45/EC) and CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 regulations
DPD classification	Not Applicable
Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	Not Applicable

## 2.2. Label elements

CLP label elements	Not Applicable
SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE
Hazard statement(s)	
lot Applicable	
Supplementary statement(s	5)
Not Applicable	
Precautionary statement(s)	) Prevention
Not Applicable	
Precautionary statement(s)	) Response
Not Applicable	
Precautionary statement(s)	Storage
Not Applicable	
Precautionary statement(s)	) Disposal
Not Applicable	
2.3. Other hazards	
Ingestion may produce health dan	
Cumulative effects may result follo	wing exposure*.
May produce discomfort of the eye	es, respiratory tract and skin*.
REACh - Art.57-59: The mixture of	loes not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

## SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1.Substances

See 'Composition on ingredients' in Section 3.2

#### 3.2.Mixtures

1.CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No	%[weight]	Name	Classification according to directive 67/548/EEC [DSD]	Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]		
1.Not Available 2.Not Available 3.Not Available 4.Not Available	95-100	glass powder	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
Legend:		1. Classification by vendor; 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI 4. Classification drawn from C&L				

## SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	<ul> <li>If skin or hair contact occurs:</li> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> <li>If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Seek medical attention.</li> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>
Eye Contact	<ul> <li>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</li> <li>Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: F Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Seek medical attention.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> <li>Seek medical attention.</li> </ul>

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed See Section 11

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Foam is generally ineffective.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility None known 5.3. Advice for firefighters Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. Fire Fighting DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. ▶ If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use. Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. Fire/Explosion Hazard On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). May emit acrid smoke. • Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes. Decomposes on heating and produces; carbon dioxide (CO2)

## SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing, gloves, safety glasses and dust respirator.</li> <li>Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust.</li> <li>Sweep up, shovel up or</li> <li>Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use).</li> <li>Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	<ul> <li>Moderate hazard.</li> <li>CAUTION: Advise personnel in area.</li> <li>Alert Emergency Services and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Control personal contact by wearing protective clothing.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Recover product wherever possible.</li> <li>IF DRY: Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. Collect residues and place in sealed plastic bags or other containers for disposal. IF WET: Vacuum/shovel up and place in labelled containers for disposal.</li> <li>ALWAYS: Wash area down with large amounts of water and prevent runoff into drains.</li> <li>If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise Emergency Services.</li> </ul>

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

## SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

	-
Safe handling	<ul> <li>Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.</li> <li>DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.</li> <li>DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.</li> <li>Avoid contact with incompatible materials.</li> <li>When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.</li> <li>Avoid physical damage to containers.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.</li> <li>Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.</li> <li>Use good occupational work practice.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</li> <li>Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.</li> </ul>
Fire and explosion protection	See section 5
Other information	Store between 5 and 25 deg. C.         Do not store in direct sunlight.         Store in a dry and well ventilated-area, away from heat and sunlight.
7.2. Conditions for safe st	torage, including any incompatibilities
Suitable container	<ul> <li>DO NOT repack. Use containers supplied by manufacturer only.</li> <li>Check that containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks</li> </ul>

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Storage incompatibility

See section 1.2

## SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

None known

#### 8.1. Control parameters

DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)

## Not Available

PREDICTED NO EFFECT LEVEL (PNEC)

Not Available

## OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

## INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient Material name		TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes	
Not Available	Not Available Not Available		Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
EMERGENCY LIMITS							
Ingredient	Material name	TEEL	TEEL-1		TEEL-3	TEEL-3	
Riva Luting Plus (powder)	Not Available		Not Available		Not Avail	Not Available	
Ingredient	Original IDLH			Revised IDLH			
glass powder	Not Available			Not Available			

MATERIAL DATA

## 8.2. Exposure controls

	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker an effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to prov The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" aw "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.	ide this high level of protection. he risk. ay from the worker and ventilation tha designed properly. The design of a ver	t strategically "adds" and tillation system must match
8.2.1. Appropriate	<ul> <li>Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are handled as powders or crystals; e powdered by mutual friction.</li> <li>If in spite of local exhaust an adverse concentration of the substance in air could occur, Such protection might consist of:         <ul> <li>(a): particle dust respirators, if necessary, combined with an absorption cartridge;</li> <li>(b): filter respirators with absorption cartridge or canister of the right type;</li> <li>(c): fresh-air hoods or masks.</li> <li>Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in trequired to effectively remove the contaminant.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	respiratory protection should be consid	Jered.
engineering controls	Type of Contaminant:		Air Speed:
	direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation f/min.) 1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min.)		
	grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).		2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)
	Within each range the appropriate value depends on:		
	Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range	
	1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture 1: Disturbing room air curre		nts
	2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only.	2: Contaminants of high toxi	city
	3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy us	e
	4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood-local control only	

	Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 4-10 m/s (800-2000 f/min) for extraction of crusher dusts generated 2 metres distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.
8.2.2. Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	<ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields.</li> <li>Chemical goggles.</li> <li>Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]</li> </ul>
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	<ul> <li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li> <li>Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber</li> <li>Rubber Gloves</li> </ul>
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. <b>OTHERWISE:</b> • Overalls. • Barrier cream. • Eyewash unit.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

#### **Respiratory protection**

Particulate. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:000 & 149:001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	P1 Air-line*	-	PAPR-P1 -
up to 50 x ES	Air-line**	P2	PAPR-P2
up to 100 x ES	-	P3	-
		Air-line*	-
100+ x ES	-	Air-line**	PAPR-P3

\* - Negative pressure demand \*\* - Continuous flow A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance       Fine white odourless powder, insoluble in water.         Physical state       Divided Solid       Relative density (Water = 1)       Not Available         Odour       Not Available       Partition coefficient n-octanol / water       Not Available         Odour threshold       Not Available       Auto-ignition temperature (°C)       Not Available         pH (as supplied)       Not Available       Decomposition temperature       Not Available         Melting point / freezing point (°C)       Not Available       Viscosity (SS)       Not Available         Initial boiling range (°C)       Not Available       Molecular weight (g/moi)       Not Available         Flash point (°C)       Not Available       Explosive properties       Not Available         Upper Explosive Limit (%)       Not Available       Oxidising properties       Not Available         Upper Explosive Limit (%)       Not Available       Surface Tension (d/m/m) min       Not Available         Vapour pressure (kPa)       Not Available       Volatile Component (%cov)       Not Available				
OdourNot AvailablePartition coefficient n-octanol / waterNot AvailableOdour thresholdNot AvailableAuto-ignition temperature (°C)Not AvailablepH (as supplied)Not AvailableDecomposition temperatureNot AvailableMelting point / freezing point (°C)Not AvailableViscosity (cSt)Not AvailableInitial boiling point and boiling range (°C)Not AvailableMolecular weight (g/mol)Not AvailableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableMolecular weight (g/mol)Not AvailableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableExplosive propertiesNot AvailableInitial boiling range (°C)Not AvailableMolecular weight (g/mol)Not AvailableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableExplosive propertiesNot AvailableInitial boiling range (°C)Not AvailableOxidising propertiesNot AvailableUpper Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableSurface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)Not ApplicableLower Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableVolatile Component (%vol)Not Available	Appearance	Fine white odourless powder, insoluble in water.		
OdourNot AvailableNot AvailableNot AvailableOdour thresholdNot AvailableAuto-ignition temperature (°C)Not AvailablepH (as supplied)Not AvailableDecomposition temperatureNot AvailableMelting point / freezing point (°C)Not AvailableViscosity (cSt)Not AvailableInitial boiling point and boiling range (°C)Not AvailableMolecular weight (g/mol)Not AvailableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableExplosive propertiesNot AvailableNot AvailableOxidising propertiesNot AvailableUpper Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableSurface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)Not ApplicableLower Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableVolatile Component (%vol)Not Available	Physical state	Divided Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Oddour thresholdNot AvailableNot AvailableNot AvailablepH (as supplied)Not AvailableDecomposition temperatureNot AvailableMelting point / freezing point (°C)Not AvailableViscosity (cSt)Not AvailableInitial boiling point and boiling range (°C)Not AvailableMolecular weight (g/mol)Not AvailableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableMolecular weight (g/mol)Not AvailableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableTasteNot AvailableEvaporation rateNot AvailableExplosive propertiesNot AvailableUpper Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableSurface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)Not AvailableLower Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableVolatile Component (%vot)Not Available	Odour	Not Available		Not Available
Pr (as supplied)Not AvailabletemperatureNot AvailableMelting point / freezing point (°C)Not AvailableViscosity (cSt)Not AvailableInitial boiling point and boiling range (°C)Not AvailableMolecular weight (g/mol)Not ApplicableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableMolecular weight (g/mol)Not AvailableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableExplosive propertiesNot AvailableEvaporation rateNot AvailableExplosive propertiesNot AvailableImage: Supplied (g/mol)Not AvailableOxidising propertiesNot AvailableUpper Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableSurface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)Not ApplicableLower Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableVolatile Component (%vol)Not Available	Odour threshold	Not Available	•	Not Available
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boiling range (°C)Not AvailableNot AvailableNot ApplicableFlash point (°C)Not AvailableTasteNot AvailableEvaporation rateNot AvailableExplosive propertiesNot AvailableFlammabilityNot AvailableOxidising propertiesNot AvailableUpper Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableSurface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)Not ApplicableLower Explosive Limit (%)Not AvailableVolatile Component (%vol)Not Available	••••••	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Evaporation rate     Not Available     Explosive properties     Not Available       Flammability     Not Available     Oxidising properties     Not Available       Upper Explosive Limit (%)     Not Available     Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)     Not Applicable       Lower Explosive Limit (%)     Not Available     Volatile Component (%vol)     Not Available		Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flammability         Not Available         Oxidising properties         Not Available           Upper Explosive Limit (%)         Not Available         Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)         Not Applicable           Lower Explosive Limit (%)         Not Available         Volatile Component (%vol)         Not Available	Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)         Not Available         Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)         Not Applicable           Lower Explosive Limit (%)         Not Available         Volatile Component (%vol)         Not Available	Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)         Not Available         Mot Applicable           Lower Explosive Limit (%)         Not Available         Volatile Component (%vol)         Not Available	Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
	Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available		Not Applicable
Vapour pressure (kPa)         Not Available         Gas group         Not Available	Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
	Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available

Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

## 9.2. Other information

Not Available

## SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1.Reactivity	See section 7.2
10.2.Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7.2
10.4. Conditions to avoid	See section 7.2
10.5. Incompatible materials	See section 7.2
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5.3

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Limited evidence or practical experience suggests that the material may produce irritation of the respiratory system, in a significant number of individuals, following inhalation. In contrast to most organs, the lung is able to respond to a chemical insult by first removing or neutralising the irritant and then repairing the damage. The repair process, which initially evolved to protect mammalian lungs from foreign matter and antigens, may however, produce further lung damage resulting in the impairment of gas exchange, the primary function of the lungs. Respiratory tract irritation often results in an inflammatory response involving the recruitment and activation of many cell types, mainly derived from the vascular system.		
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the h	ealth of the individual.	
Skin Contact	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammat being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the er result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The derma progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the skin (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epiderm The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis cond Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasic skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any extern	ion when applied to the healthy intak (posure period. Skin irritation may al littlis is often characterised by skin re the epidermis. At the microscopic le is. ition this material ms, puncture wounds or lesions, ma	ct skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation lso be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may dness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may evel there may be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer of
Eye	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience suggests, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or is expected to produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. Repeated or prolonged eye contact may cause inflammation characterised by temporary redness (similar to windburn) of the conjunctivita (conjunctivitis); temporary impairment of vision and/or other transient eye damage/ulceration may occur.		
Chronic	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in disea Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupa Long term exposure to high dust concentrations may cause c penetrating and remaining in the lung. A prime symptom is br	ional exposure may produce cumul hanges in lung function (i.e. pneumo	ative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems. boconiosis) caused by particles less than 0.5 micron
Riva Luting Plus (powder)	TOXICITY Not Available	IRRITATION Not Available	
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical		from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data
Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
<u> </u>			

	_	<b>u</b> ,	-
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	$\otimes$	Reproductivity	$\otimes$
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	$\otimes$	STOT - Repeated Exposure	$\odot$
Mutagenicity	$\otimes$	Aspiration Hazard	$\otimes$
		9	- Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

Data required to make classification available

S − Data Not Available to make classification

## SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
Not Available	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Legend: Extracted fro

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 -Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) -Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

## DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

	P	В	т
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
PBT Criteria fulfilled?	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	<ul> <li>DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.</li> <li>It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.</li> <li>In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.</li> <li>Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.</li> <li>Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.</li> <li>Bury residue in an authorised landfill.</li> </ul>
Waste treatment options	Not Available
Sewage disposal options	Not Available

## **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Labels Required	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable
Land transport (ADR): NOT	REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS
14.1.UN number	Not Applicable
14.2.Packing group	Not Applicable
14.3.UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable
14.4.Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	Class Not Applicable Subrisk Not Applicable
14.6. Special precautions for user	Hazard identification (Kemler) Not Applicable
	Classification code Not Applicable
	Hazard Label Not Applicable
	Special provisions Not Applicable
	Limited quantity Not Applicable

#### Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable
14.2. Packing group	Not Applicable
14.3. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable

14.4. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class Not Applicable	
	ICAO / IATA Subrisk Not Applicable	
	ERG Code Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	Not Applicable
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	Not Applicable
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	Not Applicable
	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	Not Applicable
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	Not Applicable
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Not Applicable
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	Not Applicable

## Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable
14.2. Packing group	Not Applicable
14.3. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable
14.4. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class     Not Applicable       IMDG Subrisk     Not Applicable
14.6. Special precautions for user	EMS Number     Not Applicable       Special provisions     Not Applicable       Limited Quantities     Not Applicable

#### Inland waterways transport (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable
14.2. Packing group	Not Applicable
14.3. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable
14.4. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	Not Applicable Not Applicable
14.6. Special precautions for user	Classification code Not Applicable
	Special provisions Not Applicable
	Limited quantity Not Applicable
	Equipment required Not Applicable
	Fire cones number Not Applicable

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable -: 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC, 98/24/EC, 92/85/EC, 94/33/EC, 91/689/EEC, 1999/13/EC, Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and their amendments as well as the following British legislation: - The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 - COSHH Essentials - The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For further information please look at the Chemical Safety Assessment and Exposure Scenarios prepared by your Supply Chain if available.

#### ECHA SUMMARY

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	Y
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Υ

Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

## **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text Risk and Hazard codes

#### Other information

#### DSD / DPD label elements

Not Applicable

Relevant risk statements are found in section 2.1

Indication(s) of danger Not Applicable

#### SAFETY ADVICE

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by SDI Limited using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

#### Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is based on data considered to be accurate, however, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of the data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.

## Other information:

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